Bulk Materials Handling Fundamentals

Localised(values={})



Overview of bulk materials handling

Australian and different global operations

- · What is bulk material handling?
- Typical materials
- · Ranges of capacities
- Trends and production efficiencies

Bulk material flow properties and application to equipment design

- Key properties of bulk solids needed for equipment design
- Coefficient of sliding friction for hopper and chute design
- Cohesive strength for selecting hopper outlet size and stockpiles
- Bulk density and permeability for calculating hopper outlet size
- · Particle size and shape
- Discussion of influences of moisture and fines content

Activity 1:

Workshop/quiz for flow properties measurement

Material throughput considerations and sizing of equipment

- · What does "nominal" throughput mean?
 - Annual vs instantaneous throughput rates
 - Throughput in tonnes compared to throughput in cubic metres
 - Minimum and maximum
 - Surae
- How should we design to achieve this?
 - · Interpreting equipment capacity
 - · Current limitations on some technologies
 - Buffering flows

Layouts and designs

- · Typical design challenges
- Safe and environmentally sensitive bulk materials handling systems
- Topography
- Climate
- Real estate limitations

Bulk material sizing, screening, and conveying equipment

- Review of main equipment types and key components
 - Crushers
 - Screeners
 - Conveying systems
 - Stackers/reclaimers
 - Loading/unloading systems for ships, rail cars

Mobile machines

Bulk material storage, feeding, and handling systems

- · Review of common flow problems
- · Types of storage
 - ° Silos, bins, hoppers and their flow patterns
 - Stockpiles
 - Stockyards
- Feeders (e.g. screws, belts, aprons, vibratory, rotary valve)
- · Transfer chutes

Activity 2:

Workshop/quiz for bulk storage systems

Managing equipment operational issues

- Typical issues (e.g. plugging, wear, spillage, failure, high power consumption)
- Methods to address and minimise maintenance costs